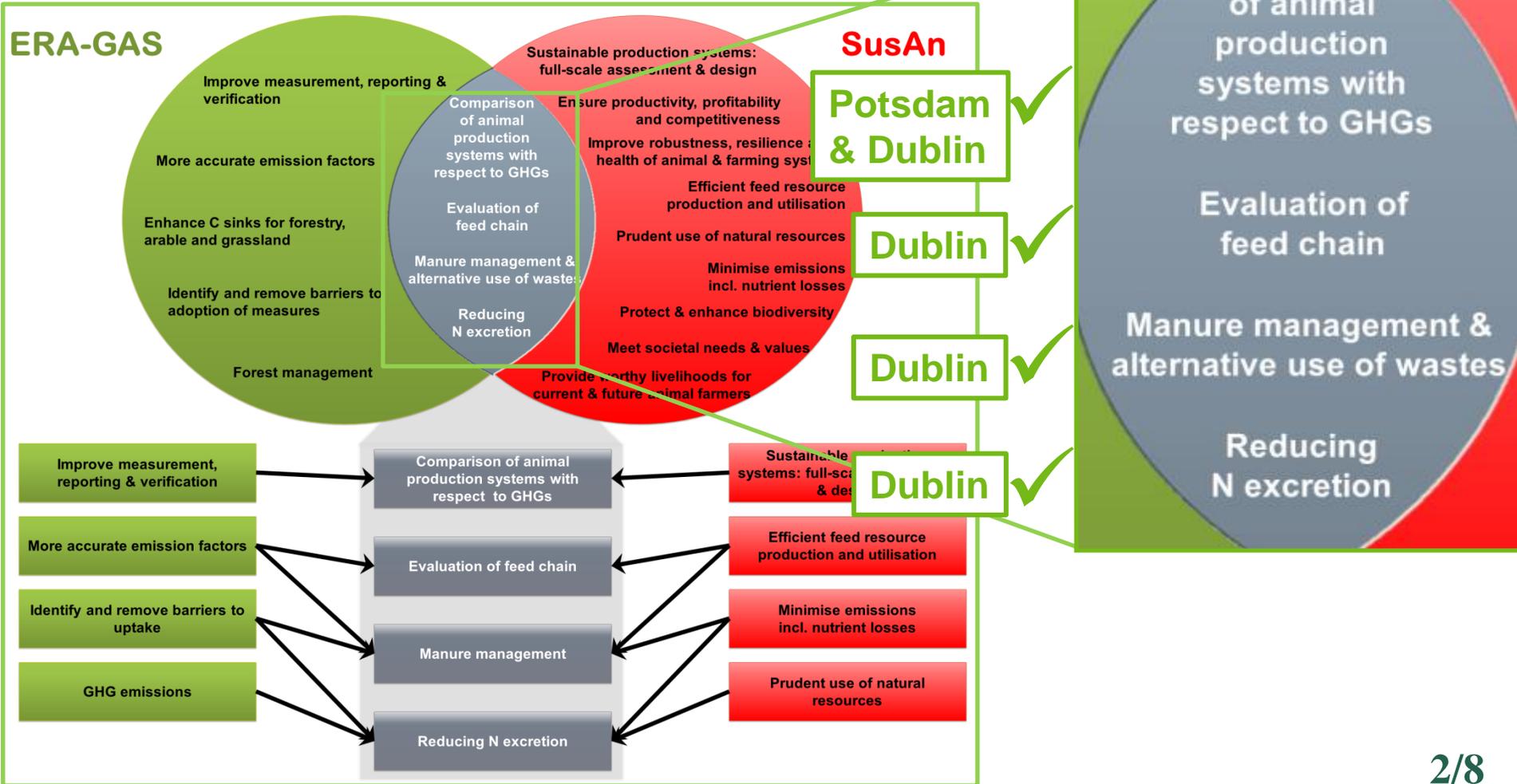




Results of the first joint workshop of SusAn, FACCE ERA-GAS & ICT AGRI in Potsdam, Germany, 29/30 November 2016

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Raymond Kelly, Teagasc, Ireland

Cross-cutting areas



First joint WS in Potsdam (2016)

- **Aim of workshop**

Identifying research topics for joint call

- **Participants**

Funding agencies

Scientific experts

- **Topics**

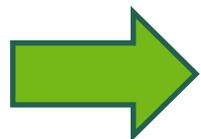
Production technology

Management

Breeding

Physiology

Feed & Nutrition



With respect to both, ruminants & monogastrics

There were two Breakout-Discussions:

1.) Production technology & management

1a) Ruminants

1b) Monogastrics

2.) Breeding, physiology, feed & nutrition

2a) Ruminants

2b) Monogastrics

Three key questions were addressed:

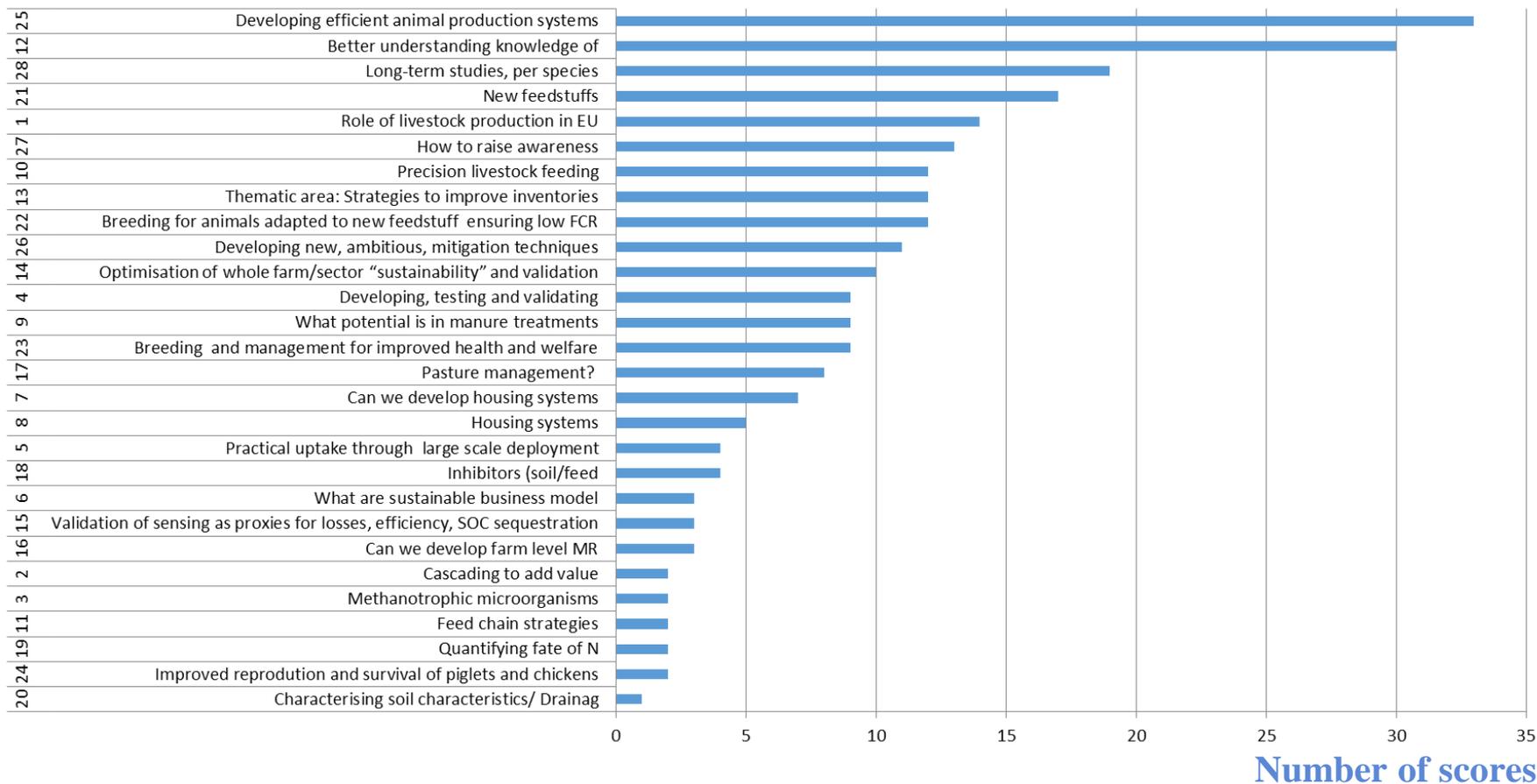
1.) What are the most urgent challenges in production technology and management?

2.) What are the most promising strategies to meet these challenges?

...and can the expected effects (e.g. estimated reduction of emissions) be quantified?

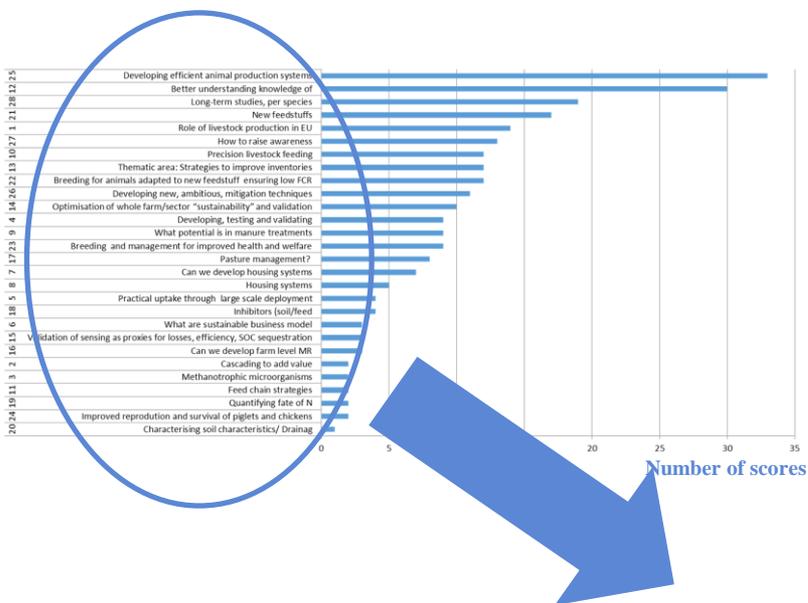
3.) What are the burning research questions & thematic research areas and what type of research will be most promising?

Outcome: ranked list of topics/questions



Number of scores

Outcome: ranked list of topics/questions



- 10) Precision livestock feeding, (real time, individual, group feeding)/ Precision livestock farming including precision livestock feeding – for optimal utilization of nutrients
- 13) Thematic area: Strategies to improve inventories
 - How to best share experience
 - Methodologies
- 22) Breeding (traditional, genomic selection, NBT) for animals adapted to new feedstuff ensuring low FCR – (identification of new traits)
- 26) Developing new, ambitious mitigation techniques
- 14) Optimisation of whole farm/sector "sustainability" and validation
- 4) Developing, testing and validating: Measurement techniques (low cost, IOT based, big data analytics ...) for creating awareness for farmers; High throughput low-cost technologies
- 9) What potential is in manure treatments? microdigesters, (local /central) or drying and upgrade of manure, Application of manure via injectors
- 23) Breeding and management for improved health and welfare (20% productivity loss due to diseases)
- 17) Pasture management? Improving pasture sustainability (use of sensing)
- 7) Can we develop housing systems that are good for the environment and animal welfare – what AW requirements do we want? Re/design of production systems?
- 8) Housing systems: indoor climate, ventilation strategies, flooring systems, innovative materials Housing – better EFs and mitigation
- 5) Practical uptake through large-scale deployment, use in management systems, large scale monitoring for policy makers (adoption is integrated), adoption of precision livestock farming (PLF) concepts. (License to produce is embedded)
- 18) Inhibitors (soil/feed)
- 6) What are sustainable business model? (Technology, economically, socially?)
- 15) Validation of sensing as proxies for losses, efficiency, SOC sequestration
- 16) Can we develop farm level MRV?
 - 2) Cascading to add value (bioeconomy)
 - 3) Methanotrophic microorganisms
 - 11) Feed chain strategies: Feed chain – impact of feed quality across whole chain
 - 19) Quantifying fate of N
 - 24) Improved reproduction and survival of piglets and chickens. Developing efficient animal production systems:
 - a) Accurate measurements in livestock on individuals and on group levels, data interpretation, big data, machine learning, PLF, sensors, signal processing, caring the smallest production unit.
 - b) Feed efficiency and diet design towards lower GHG while elevating production, health, reproduction, sustainability and economics measures of performances.
 - c) Manipulating the rumen microbiome, including early life intervention, (e.g. Feeding strategy for chickens in the first days of life)
 - 20) Characterising soil characteristics/ Drainage – impacts on nutrient cycling

Ranked List of topics identified during the workshop

- 25) Developing new, ambitious, mitigation techniques, affordable and implementable by the livestock farmers.
- 12) Better understanding knowledge of rumen microbiome, soil microbiome, manure microbiome/ Microbiome (improvement of nutrient utilization and health and reduced emission)
- 28) Long-term studies, per species (comparing systems within a species), addressing several synergetic aspects at once, such as combined breeding and feeding strategies. Holistic research approach and modular 'tailor-made' to national/regional specificities, considering the diversity of livestock sector in Europe
- 21) New feedstuffs: New European protein sources (European/locally produced)(legumes, grass based proteins, products from biorefineries of biomass, aquatic/marine resources, insects, annelids, former foodstuff)
- 1) Role of livestock production in EU related to world food challenges
- 27) How to raise awareness of farmers and society for the need to decrease GHG's ? And how new technique should be better communicate with farmers, public and all stakeholders?
- Thematic area – farmer uptake and wider societal impacts

Results

1st Common Activity – Common Workshop in Potsdam, November 2016



Thank you for attention